

Information on Unemployment in the Czech Republic - June 2004

By June 30, 2004 job centers registered altogether 517,526 job seekers. That is by 2,916 less than at the end of May 2004. Compared with the same period of the preceding year, the number of job seekers increased by 16,530 persons.

In the course of June, job centers registered altogether 51,354 newcomers. That is by 4,776 job seekers more than in the preceding month and by 2,428 newly registered job seekers less than in June of the preceding year.

In June, job centers registration was terminated with 54,270 seekers. New jobs have been taken up by - 37,718 persons. In the course of the above-said month, job centres excluded 16,552 job seekers due to other reasons (rule breakers, retirement, etc.).

A monthly decrease of the unemployed was witnessed by 55 job centers of the Czech Republic - relatively the greatest decrease was monitored in districts Písek (3.9 %), Český Krumlov (3.8 %), Praha-East (3.5 %), Znojmo (3.4 %) and Jindřichův Hradec (3.3 %). **A monthly increase of the unemployed was witnessed by 22 job centers of the Czech Republic.** Relatively the greatest decrease was monitored in districts of Klatovy (1.6 %), Jihlava and Plzeň-město (both 1.3 %) and Příbram (1.0 %).

At the end of June 2004, job centers registered 268,374 female job seekers, that is 51.9 % of the unemployed in total, and **72,307 persons with reduced working capacity,** that is 14.0 % of the unemployed in total.

By June 30, 2004, 37,377 school leavers with all levels of education **and juveniles were registered,** that is by 4,020 less than in the preceding month and by 12,532 less than in the same period of the preceding year. Thus they share in the total unemployment rate by 7.4 % (June 2003: 10.2 %).

In June 2004, job centers paid off unemployment benefits to 164,008 job seekers, that is 31.7 % of all job seekers under registration (June 2003 - 33.3 %).

By June 30, 2004, the unemployment rate under registration was 9.9 % (June 2003: 9.5 %, May 2004: 9.9 %). The lowest unemployment rate was in districts of Prague-West (3.1 %), Praha-East (3.8 %) and Prague (4.2 %). Unemployment rate higher than average of the Czech republic was shown in 29 districts, the highest being in Most (24.2 %), Karviná (21.0 %), Teplice (18.4 %) and Ostrava (18.2 %). **The unemployment rate - women was 11.6 % and unemployment rate - men was 8.5 %.**

By June 30, 2004, job centers registered altogether 45,426 vacancies. That is by 766 vacancies more than in the preceding month and by 2,421 vacancies more than in the same period of the preceding year. At present, there has been 11.4 job seekers for one vacancy at average, the highest amount being in districts of Karviná (85.6), Most (57.0) and Frýdek Místek (44.3).

In this monitored period, there were registered by job centers 1,611 vacancies for persons with reduced working capacity, that is 44.9 seekers per vacancy. In the case of school leavers and juveniles, there were registered altogether 8,165 vacancies, that is 4.7 seekers per vacancy.

General unemployment rate (ILO), the indicator derived from LFSS results in compliance with international definitions and recommendations, was **8.7 % in the 1st quarter 2004.**

Sequence of regions by unemployment rate - June 2004

Region	unemployment rate (in %) ↓	monthly increase in unemployment (in %) ↓	number of job- seekers per 1 vacancy ↓
Most	24,2	0,2	57,0
Karviná	21,0	0,0	85,6
Teplice	18,4	-0,6	37,0
Ostrava-město	18,2	-0,7	34,9
Chomutov	17,8	-0,3	37,5
Bruntál	16,8	-0,1	42,7
Louny	15,7	-0,1	24,5
Jeseník	15,5	-2,2	20,7
Děčín	15,0	-1,4	23,5
Frýdek-Místek	14,8	0,8	44,3
Hodonín	14,7	0,9	19,7
Ústí nad Labem	13,9	-0,5	23,8
Nový Jičín	13,6	-0,5	26,1
Přerov	13,2	-0,8	28,2
Sokolov	13,2	0,5	17,5
Litoměřice	12,9	-2,0	25,7
Třebíč	12,6	-1,1	20,6
Svitavy	12,3	0,1	9,8
Znojmo	12,2	-3,4	18,2
Šumperk	11,8	-0,2	17,2
Kroměříž	11,6	0,9	20,3
Opava	11,5	-1,2	13,6
Vsetín	11,4	-0,2	21,1
Břeclav	11,0	-0,2	26,4
Brno-město	11,0	0,4	19,5
Kutná Hora	10,6	-0,5	18,3
Olomouc	10,6	-2,2	9,6
Karlovy Vary	10,5	-1,7	15,2
Vyškov	9,9	0,0	24,4
Liberec	9,8	-1,1	6,9
Kladno	9,6	0,5	20,1
Prostějov	9,6	-0,4	4,9
Zlín	9,5	0,4	19,6
Česká Lípa	9,5	-2,6	8,6
Tachov	9,4	-0,7	10,9
Kolín	9,1	-1,3	7,3
Nymburk	9,1	0,2	6,4
Trutnov	9,1	-1,8	13,2
Český Krumlov	9,0	-3,8	7,3
Cheb	8,9	-1,7	9,7

Chrudim	8,8	-2,6	8,6
Blansko	8,8	-0,2	10,8
Mělník	8,7	-0,6	14,7
Jičín	8,6	-1,5	10,3
Žďár nad Sázavou	8,4	0,9	21,3
Uherské Hradiště	8,3	-0,6	10,6
Jablonec nad Nisou	8,3	-0,2	11,8
Příbram	8,3	1,0	6,7
Brno-venkov	8,1	-1,5	16,3
Klatovy	7,9	1,6	6,8
Semily	7,9	-0,3	16,0
Ústí nad Orlicí	7,7	-1,3	7,7
Strakonice	7,6	-0,5	7,0
Rokycany	7,5	-0,3	11,9
Plzeň-město	7,5	1,3	4,0
Jihlava	7,4	1,3	18,9
Náchod	7,4	0,0	7,9
Rakovník	7,2	0,4	8,3
Písek	7,2	-3,9	7,0
Havlíčkův Brod	7,1	-1,3	30,4
Jindřichův Hradec	6,9	-3,3	14,4
Pardubice	6,9	0,5	10,2
Prachatice	6,6	-1,3	5,8
Domažlice	6,6	0,9	7,1
Hradec Králové	6,5	-0,5	7,7
Plzeň-sever	6,4	-1,3	9,6
Tábor	6,2	-1,8	6,0
Rychnov nad Kněžnou	6,1	-3,0	12,1
Beroun	6,0	0,3	4,6
Plzeň-jih	5,1	-0,5	6,5
Mladá Boleslav	5,1	-0,2	9,5
Pelhřimov	5,1	0,7	5,3
Benešov	4,8	0,7	5,3
České Budějovice	4,5	-0,9	7,3
Praha	4,2	-1,1	2,5
Praha-východ	3,8	-3,5	2,4
Praha-západ	3,1	-2,8	2,8
Celkem ČR	9,9	-0,6	11,4