

Information on Unemployment in the Czech Republic - July 2004

By July 31, 2004 job centers registered altogether 531,128 job seekers. That is by 14,602 more than at the end of June 2004. Compared with the same period of the preceding year, the number of job seekers increased by 11,762 persons. The number of available job seekers (job seekers currently available for work) was 495,444.

In the course of July, job centers registered altogether 60,926 newcomers. That is by 9,572 job seekers more than in the preceding month and by 5,248 newly registered job seekers less than in July of the preceding year.

In July, job centers registration was terminated with 46,324 seekers. New jobs have been taken up by - 30,686 persons. In the course of the above-said month, job centres excluded 15,638 job seekers due to other reasons (rule breakers, retirement, etc.).

A monthly increase of the unemployed was witnessed by 76 job centers of the Czech Republic - relatively the greatest increase was monitored in districts Pelhřimov (11.0 %), Písek (7.1 %), Rychnov nad Kněžnou (6.8 %), Hradec Králové (6.3 %) and Uherské Hradiště (6.2 %). **A monthly decrease of the unemployed was witnessed by 1 job center** of the Czech Republic - Český Krumlov (1.8 %).

At the end of July 2004, job centers registered 280,399 female job seekers, that is 52.7 % of the unemployed in total, and **73,258 persons with reduced working capacity,** that is 13.8 % of the unemployed in total.

By July 31, 2004, 44,690 school leavers with all levels of education **and juveniles were registered,** that is by 6,313 more than in the preceding month and by 11,113 less than in the same period of the preceding year. Thus they share in the total unemployment rate by 8.4 % (July 2003: 10.7 %, June 2004: 7.4 %).

In July 2004, job centers paid off unemployment benefits to 171,700 job seekers, that is 32.3 % of all job seekers under registration (July 2003 - 34.2 %).

By July 31, 2004, the unemployment rate under registration (counted from available job seekers) was 9.2 %. The lowest unemployment rate was in districts of Prague-West (2.7 %), Praha-East (3.5 %) and Prague (3.7 %). Unemployment rate higher than average of the Czech republic was shown in 31 districts, the highest being in Most (23.6 %), Karviná (19.6 %), Teplice (17.0 %), Ostrava (16.9 %) and Chomutov (16.7 %). **The unemployment rate - women was 11.1 % and unemployment rate - men was 7.7 %.** The unemployment rate under registration according to the previous methodology (from the total number of registered job seekers) was **10.1 %** (July 2003: 9.9 %, June 2004: 9.9 %).

By July 31, 2004, job centers registered altogether 45,737 vacancies. That is by 311 vacancies more than in the preceding month and by 1,995 vacancies more than in the same period of the preceding year. At present, there has been 11.6 job seekers for one vacancy at average, the highest amount being in districts of Karviná (87.1), Most (52.5) and Frýdek Místek (46.9).

In this monitored period, there were registered by job centers 1,432 vacancies for persons with reduced working capacity, that is 51.2 seekers per vacancy. In the case of school leavers and juveniles, there were registered altogether 8,089 vacancies, that is 5.5 seekers per vacancy.

General unemployment rate (ILO), the indicator derived from LFSS results in compliance with international definitions and recommendations, was **8.2 % in the 2st quarter 2004.**

Sequence of regions by unemployment rate - July 2004

Region	unemployment rate (in %) ↓	monthly increase in unemployment (in %) ↓	number of job- seekers per 1 vacancy ↓
Most	23,6	1,6	52,5
Karviná	19,6	1,8	87,1
Teplice	17,0	0,8	35,6
Ostrava-město	16,9	1,5	33,5
Chomutov	16,7	2,3	34,2
Bruntál	15,7	1,3	33,8
Jeseník	14,5	0,9	21,6
Louny	14,4	1,5	27,0
Frýdek-Místek	14,1	2,3	46,9
Děčín	13,9	1,2	25,2
Hodonín	13,7	2,7	23,5
Přerov	13,0	2,7	25,8
Ústí nad Labem	12,9	1,0	20,5
Sokolov	12,9	2,5	17,0
Nový Jičín	12,7	2,6	28,7
Třebíč	12,4	3,1	21,1
Litoměřice	12,1	2,5	18,2
Svitavy	11,9	3,8	10,5
Znojmo	11,7	1,1	18,4
Šumperk	11,4	3,7	17,4
Kroměříž	11,2	5,4	27,0
Opava	10,8	1,8	16,6
Vsetín	10,4	2,6	21,7
Břeclav	10,1	0,9	23,1
Olomouc	10,0	2,4	9,9
Brno-město	10,0	2,1	19,0
Kutná Hora	9,9	3,4	17,7
Karlovy Vary	9,8	2,4	18,3
Vyškov	9,7	2,8	32,2
Prostějov	9,4	3,1	5,3
Česká Lípa	9,3	2,0	10,1
Kladno	9,0	2,5	14,2
Zlín	8,9	3,9	19,6
Tachov	8,9	2,2	11,4
Liberec	8,8	3,4	6,9
Kolín	8,7	3,4	8,1
Trutnov	8,5	2,2	12,2
Jičín	8,5	4,6	11,9
Blansko	8,4	3,7	10,5
Nymburk	8,4	2,1	6,5

Chrudim	8,3	5,0	9,1
Cheb	8,3	4,4	12,6
Český Krumlov	8,2	-1,8	6,9
Žďár nad Sázavou	8,2	4,9	21,6
Mělník	8,1	3,0	10,4
Příbram	8,0	4,5	9,3
Uherské Hradiště	7,9	6,2	15,8
Semily	7,5	4,7	14,9
Jablonec nad Nisou	7,5	3,4	12,0
Ústí nad Orlicí	7,4	5,1	10,2
Klatovy	7,3	3,3	7,1
Brno-venkov	7,3	2,0	16,9
Jihlava	7,2	5,9	13,2
Písek	7,1	7,1	7,7
Strakonice	7,0	3,4	6,7
Rokycany	7,0	5,1	11,8
Náchod	7,0	5,1	6,9
Plzeň-město	6,9	4,2	4,0
Rakovník	6,8	1,4	7,2
Havlíčkův Brod	6,7	5,0	16,0
Pardubice	6,6	3,7	10,4
Jindřichův Hradec	6,4	2,9	14,7
Domažlice	6,4	1,8	7,1
Hradec Králové	6,4	6,3	9,3
Rychnov nad Kněžnou	5,9	6,8	10,6
Plzeň-sever	5,8	3,9	9,9
Prachatice	5,7	2,3	6,1
Tábor	5,6	1,5	5,7
Beroun	5,5	2,7	4,8
Pelhřimov	5,1	11,0	6,0
Mladá Boleslav	4,7	3,7	8,8
Plzeň-jih	4,7	3,9	5,9
Benešov	4,3	5,2	5,5
České Budějovice	4,0	5,9	7,3
Praha	3,7	3,8	2,6
Praha-východ	3,5	3,9	2,8
Praha-západ	2,7	5,1	2,6
Celkem ČR	9,2	2,8	11,6